# re power `em

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guide Berkeley, CA, USA 1 June 2013

> Kimberly King Renewable Energy Engineer

Email: kimgerly@kimgerly.com

Mobile: +1 415 832 9084 Skype: kimgerly



#### **Recommended Citation**

Kimberly King, "Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guide" (2013). http://www.kimgerly.com/projects/wtg\_decom.pdf

# re power `em

Contact: Kimberly King, Renewable Energy Engineer +1 415 832-9084 kimgerly@kimgerly.com

Document number 02-2013, Oakland, CA, USA 1 June 2013 Copyright © 2013, Kimberly King

The information contained in this document is the exclusive, confidential and proprietary property of Kimberly King, and is protected under the trade secret and copyright laws of the U.S. and other international laws, treaties and conventions. No part of this work may be disclosed to any third party or used, reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or by any information storage or retrieval system, without first receiving expressed written permission of Kimberly King. Except as otherwise noted, all trademarks appearing here are herein proprietary to Kimberly King.



# acknowledgements

I would like to express my gratitude to the individuals who gave freely of their time and sage to make this document possible. Their assistance proved invaluable and propelled this effort. I would like to thank and recognize them for offering encouragement in making this important resource available to all parties seeking to learn what is required in performing a decommissioning of a small wind turbine in the built/urban environment.

This effort would not have been possible without the generous contributions, feedback and insights of Mick Sagrillo and Ian Woofenden.

I am mostly indebted to Paul Gipe who generously availed himself and girded me on, providing insightful comments, while I addressed a quandry of issues presented during this process.

Kimberly L. King Oakland, CA, USA June 2013

## contents

acknowledgements	iii	costs & financial security	16
contents	iv	decommissioning schedule considerations	18
list of figures & tables	V	project management & verification	20
introduction	01	site clearance & restoration	22
executive summary	04	post decommissioning	23
background information	06	case study	24
description	07	appendix	33
eia & es	09	a - acronyms & abbreviations b - city of berkeley, ca, usa permit & application exhibits	34
health & safety plan	10		34
consultation	11		
decommissioning process	13		

costs & financial security

# list of figures & tables

#### list of figures

figure 1 - case study - decommissioning planning process

#### list of tables

table 1 - decommissioning plan steps

table 2 - the aero power sl1500 specifications

table 3 - estimated cost for decommissioning an aero power sl1500 small wind turbine

## introduction

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

The aim of this framework document is that it can serve as guidance, as far as it is practical, to those seeking to navigate and obtain approval for decommissioning wind turbines in the built environment or in urban settings.

#### the problem

Although historically there are not many examples of small wind turbines installed in the built or urban environment in the USA, small wind turbines that are inactive or not generating electricity i.e. freewheeling, are not good advertisement for the wind energy industry. Just like large, utility scale wind turbines, a small wind turbine requires regular attention and maintenance until it reaches the end of its useful life, and requires a plan for decommissioning or repowering. A decommissioning plan identifies the methodology used to mitigate potential impacts resulting from end of usefulness of a small wind turbine in the urban or built environment.

During the planning stages, wind turbine developers rarely seek bids for the cost to decommission a project. What is typically assumed is that the salvage value of the turbine(s) will cover the decommissioning expenses instead of ensuring decommissioning funds are allocated at a project start. In a great deal of these cases, the cost of decommissioning is often underestimated. And in the case where a wind resource is favorable, many projects are not decommissioned, but instead re-powered—especially now that wind turbine technology has improved and several 20 year old machines can be replaced with a single, more efficient wind turbine. This latter approach may not, however, be pragmatic for a residential wind turbine in the built/urban environment.



<sup>[1]</sup> Unused Wind Farm Raises Decommissioning Issues, Pacific Business News web site. [Online] [Cited: May 26, 2013] http://www.bizjournals.com/pacific/print-edition/2011/04/29/unused-wind-farm-raises.html

02

30 years.

Basic questions arise when it comes considering the cost to decommission deteriorating or outdated wind turbines after 20 or 30 years. Questions that may arise include:

- ▶ Who will be responsible for decommissioning the wind turbine(s)? The developer? The owner? The operator? The city? The municipality? The state?
- ► How long with the responsible party have to decommission the wind turbine(s) after its useful life has ended? 60 days? 6 months? A year? Longer?
- ▶ Where will the money come from to perform the decommissioning?
- How much will the decommissioning cost and who will be responsible for paying for this?
  - ➤ This cost should include services of a licensed, professional engineer to estimate the total decommissioning costs.
- ▶ It should be understood, the salvage value of recovered materials may not necessarily offset the total decommissioning costs.<sup>[2]</sup>

Decommissioning costs for wind turbines depend a great deal on permit requirements, the wind turbine characteristics and site-specific issues i.e. how

Basic questions arise when it

comes considering the cost to

decommission deteriorating or

outdated wind turbines after 20 or

#### decommissioning defined

Decommissioning is the process of terminating operation and complete removal of a wind energy turbine and all related structures, foundations and equipment. A decommissioning plan identifies removal components, costs associated with components removal and scrap value. Equipment removal includes above ground components, including the wind turbine, electrical collection lines, inverter (phasor), as well as underground components, including the turbine foundation and collection system cables. And, decommissioning plans may vary according to the circumstances.

<sup>[2]</sup> Unused Wind Farm Raises Decommissioning Issues, Pacific Business News web site. [Online] [Cited: May 26, 2013] http://www.bizjournals.com/pacific/print-edition/2011/04/29/unused-wind-farm-raises.html

deep are the foundations poured, how close is the wind turbine to other structures in the built environment.

### intended audience: who should use this guideline?

In the interest of promoting sound decommissioning practices for small wind turbines in the built environment, this material is designed for those seeking relevant requirements; this includes:

- ► Small wind turbine installers
- ► Engineers i.e. renewable energy engineers, mechanical engineers, structural engineers, electrical engineers
- ► City or Municipality Zoning, Building and Planning personnel
- ► Property owners
- ▶ Developers

This guidance is not specifically geared toward those wanting engineering howto or comprehensive procedures. Close interaction among engineers, small wind installers, city or municipality personnel, developers and property owners at the outset of a project will help create a feasible plan that is sound and attainable.

### prior knowledge needed to understand the plan guidelines

A basic understanding of small wind turbine technology is advised. The intended purpose for the wind turbine decommissioning needs to be well defined, and basic understanding of wind energy systems can further

### 03

# A basic understanding of small wind turbine technology is advised.

streamline the decommissioning process.

This document also attempts to reconcile City of Berkeley, CA, USA requirements referenced by their demolition process, where applicable, for the decommissioning of a small wind turbine. [See "case study" on page 24.]



# executive summary

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Best practices decommissioning documents exist for rural, utility scale wind developers. However, documentation does not exist for decommissioning small wind turbines in a densely populated urban, built environments—environments which presents more technical complexity. Like utility scale wind turbines, smaller wind turbines deployed in the built environment are typically designed to operate for 20 years. When the anticipated end of life of a small wind turbine approaches or the cessation of operation occurs, a decommissioning plan needs to be implemented.

The aim of this document is to provide an initial set of guidelines and recommendations for a practical course of action. This guideline can be used by owners, developers or municipalities to ensure future decommissioning of aging small, residential wind turbines in the built environment is conducted consistently against a well-founded set of standards as they come to fruition.

Provisions for decommissioning wind turbines in the built environment should be included in policy and regulatory frameworks. It should be understood the guidelines set forth in this document may differ from relevant and already



05

established legislation, ordinances or guidelines. It is recommended that future ordinances include the following matters are covered in a decommissioning program:

- ▶ Measures to be taken for decommissioning the small wind turbine system, or any part or apparatus thereof, including details about the wind turbine, equipment and personnel deployed to complete the decommissioning.
- Estimate of the expenditures likely to be incurred in carrying out these measures.
- The greatest value of the removed wind turbine would be realized by selling the wind turbines for reuse under the assumption that after installation, the turbines would lose 50% of their value in year 1 and then 5% every year thereafter (conservative estimates).<sup>[1]</sup>
- Provisions for determining the time frame within which these measures need to be taken.
- Provisions for restoring the site to pre-installation conditions.
- ▶ When necessary, provisions for monitoring and maintenance for the site post-decommissioning to ensure the requirements have been met.
- And as much as possible, language should be included that the
- responsibility and cost of dismantling a wind turbine after use should reside with the owner/developer.

Some practices addressed in this document include permitting practices, environmental impact considerations and public health and safety considerations.

Provisions for decommissioning wind turbines in the built environment should be included in policy and regulatory frameworks.



<sup>[1]</sup> Best Practices in Implementation of Wind-Diesel Systems. Alaska Center for Energy and Power (ACEP) [Online] [Cited: May 26, 2013] http://www.uaf.edu/acep/alaska-wind-diesel-applic/wind-diesel-best-practice-1/bpguide.pdf

# background information

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline When making determinations, related apparatus used for providing electricity e.g. structures, electrical apparatus, lines or cables should be included in an application for a permit or license for the decommissioning of a small wind turbine in the built environment. The determination should also include electric cable protection measures and site restoration. Arrangements for decommissioning, that are without additional expense to a municipality, or local city government needs to additionally be included. Conditions for additional requirements may be needed before a permit or license is approved.

A standard condition of a permit or license in a decommissioning to be carried out in accordance with an agreed decommissioning plan can include the following:

- ► Measures to be taken for decommissioning a small wind turbine, or any part thereof, and any related apparatus.
- ► Expenditure estimates likely to be incurred in carrying out these measures.
- ► Provisions for determination of the times at which, or periods within which, the measures will need to be taken.
- ► Where the plan proposes that the wind turbine or any part, or apparatus will be moved, a provision to restore the site to the pre-installation condition prior to construction.
- ▶ If any parts of the installation or apparatus need to be left in position, necessary provisions need to be made to continue monitoring and maintenance.
- ► After the decommissioning is completed, if applicable, monitoring of the site may be required to ensure all the requirements have been met.



# description

#### of proposed decommissioning measures

The proposed decommissioning measures covered in this section include the following:

- ► Description of Work Required
- ► Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) & Environmental Statement (ES) [See page 09]
- ► Health & Safety Plan [See page 10]
- ► Salvage and Decommission Costs [See page 16]
- ▶ Retrofitting and Repowering Considerations

#### description of work required

Evaluating and categorizing all components and materials for post project use includes:

- ► Removal of above ground structures i.e. turbine, tower, transformers, cabling
- ► Removal of below-ground structures i.e. turbine infrastructure foundations
- ▶ Site restoration e.g. topsoil or other requested restoration measures
- ► Re-vegetation, reseeding
- ▶ Implementation of a monitoring and remediation period, if requested



The contractor/developer should remove the turbine and return the site to as close as practical to state prior to the wind turbine use. Site restoration entails re-vegetation with indigenous plants. Site clearance needs to be addressed in planning agreements. At times, turbine foundations may be left in-situ because digging them up could cause greater environmental or infrastructure damage.

#### retrofitting & repowering considerations

As small wind turbine technologies advance, there may be circumstances when a retrofit or repowering may be more economically prudent. As long as it is cost-effective, portions of the existing project e.g. turbine, tower, electrical infrastructure can be retrofitted and the wind turbine repowered.

As is the case for utility scale wind turbines, with advances in technology, repowering an older, less efficient small wind turbine with new replacement parts i.e. generator, blades and possibility the entire turbine also makes sense. This may be more economically feasible option as a small wind turbine approaches the anticipated end of life.

A repowering process may require planning permission that includes siting and permitting procedure adherence e.g. addressing environmental impact issues.

## 08

...with the advances in technology, repowering an older, less efficient small wind turbine with new replacement parts...also makes sense.



## eia & es

(environmental impact assessment & environmental statement)

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline Typically, an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is conducted at the preinstallation stage and pre-decommissioning stage. The EIA investigates the possible positive or negative impacts that a proposed project may have on the environment, consisting of the environmental, social and economic aspects. The EIA ensures that decision makers consider the ensuing environmental impacts when deciding whether or not to proceed with a project.<sup>[1]</sup>

Most jurisdictions require as part of a formal consent process that the applicant for a permit or license to operate, deploy, use or decommission a renewable energy system must provide an Environmental Statement (ES). This statement should include a description of the measures proposed to avoid, mitigate, reduce and remedy likely significant adverse effects of the wind turbine installation.

In the case study in this guideline, an asbestos survey was required by the City of Berkeley as a necessary constituent of the demolition/decommissioning application process.



<sup>[1]</sup> Environmental Impact Assessment. Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. [Online] [Cited: May 27, 2013] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Environmental\_impact\_assessment

# health & safety plan

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline An appropriate health and safety plan may also be expected, so that any persons involved in a wind turbine decommissioning are also in compliance with applicable Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA) requirements.

This document does not cover what the general health and safety obligations of employers for this type of work, and how they apply to persons at work in connection with renewable energy activities carried on under the respective location as applied to OSHA compliance. It is surmised that potential impacts to worker and public health and safety during the decommissioning of a wind energy decommissioning would be similar to those from any construction-type project that includes earth-moving, crushing, large equipment and transportation of overweight and oversized structures. Other health and safety issues should include working at heights, working in potential weather extremes and possible contact with natural hazards e.g. uneven terrain, dangerous plants, animals or insects.



### consultation

with interested parties & stakeholders

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Taking a proactive community consultation stance toward establishing effective and appropriate approaches is recommended. One may encounter challenges to long-held community values that involve aesthetic and quality of life factors. Recognizing concerns and including participatory and consultative mechanisms can facilitate community support when the actual decommissioning date arrives. Stakeholder consultation guidelines highlighting needs include:

- ▶ Identifying all the relevant stakeholders.
- Providing these stakeholders with information they need.
- ► Conducting transparent, open and honest communications on what the decommissioning process involves.
- ▶ Engage stakeholders, enabling all to have opinions heard and respected.

Other than the property owner, stakeholders may include community neighbors, construction contractor, equipment suppliers, strategic and statutory authorities including electric utility representatives, local and municipality officials. Community stakeholders are typically individuals or organizations residing in the community and may be affected by the decommissioning activities.

At a future date, statutory stakeholders will likely be pre-defined by regulations/ ordinances which developers will be obligated to consult. These stakeholders will possibly be comprised of state and federal agencies, local authorities, electric utilities, network service providers and regulators, and perhaps even the public e.g. organizations whose opposition would be significant, such as a historical society.



12

Potential economic, social and environmental effects associated with the decommissioning by the owner or responsible agent also requires consideration. The decommissioning could affect other users in the area e.g. access hampered by encroachment of heavy-duty equipment or environmental sensitivity changes (visual, noise, traffic, plant or wildlife habitat). A project-specific website can be utilized to provide up to date information for interested parties.

Taking a proactive community consultation stance toward establishing effective and appropriate approaches is recommended.



# decommissioning process

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline Typically, the owner/proprietor will initiate action if the turbine has not been generating electricity for a specified time-period, triggering the decommissioning project. Essentially, this process will involve ceasing all activity and disposing of all the equipment. All the decommissioning and restoration activities need to adhere to the requirements of respective governing authorities and in accordance with all applicable state, municipal and local permits.

It is an important consideration for the developer to make provisions and plans for decommissioning of the wind turbine before it is erected. As a part of this plan, a methodology can be identified and used to mitigate potential impacts resulting from the end of operation of the wind turbine at the end of its useful life. The decommissioning plan identifies the specific project components for the removal, the costs associated with components removal and the associated scrap value.



The decommissioning plan leading to the submission of a permit can be split into distinctive stages (See "table 1: decommissioning plan steps" on page 15):

- ► Consenting Process
- ► Review
- ► Decommissioning
- ► Retrofitting and Repowering

### decommissioning the wind turbine

Decommissioning the wind turbine includes removal of the turbine, tower, cabling, infrastructure, and foundation to below grade and site restoration. The turbine should be dismantled in reverse of the erection sequence with the aid of a crane. The work sequence will likely adhere to the following decommissioning plan steps:

- ► Assemble and stage crane on pad near the turbine
- ▶ Install erosion control measures, if required
- ► Disconnect electrical connections
- ► Remove all above-ground structures
  Turbine
- ▶ Remove rotor and generator block to the ground
- ► Disassemble the rotor

#### Tower

Remove turbine tower sections and disassemble on the ground

#### Inverter

- ► Disable/Cap-off all connections
- ► Remove apparatus

#### Cabling

- ► Remove electrical down tower assembly
- ► Remove electrical collector system

#### Foundation

- ▶ Remove wind turbine foundation
- ▶ Backfill foundation
- ► Rehabilitate disturbed areas (re-vegetation, suitable grading, seeding, etc.)

#### Miscellaneous

► Haul turbine components off-site

14

The turbine should be dismantled in reverse of the erection sequence...



#### **DECOMMISSIONING PLAN STEPS**

STAGE		
CONSENTING PROCESS		
1	Preliminary permits applications discussions with stakeholders.	
2	Detailed permitting discussions and draft of program provided including proposed financial security measures.	
3	Initial consultation with interested parties and assessments conducted.	
4	Formal submission of permits with program application.	
REVIEW		
5	Reviews and modifications of decommissioning program. Determination to issue permits and conditions to be attached relating to decommissioning.	
DECOMMISSIONING		
6	Final program is approved by authority under relevant permit/license conditions.	
7	Owner/Developer/Responsible party undertakes decommissioning program.	
8	Owner/Developer/Responsible party submits a report detailing how the program was carried out, including post-site decommissioning monitoring conditions.	
RETROFITTING AND REPOWERING		

The decommissioning plan leading to the submission of a permit can be split into distinctive stages.



table 1: decommissioning plan steps

## costs & financial security

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Decommissioning expenses are the responsibility of the owner(s) or operator(s). An estimate of the costs likely to be incurred in carrying out the decommissioning program measures is required. Funds should be set aside to ensure enough money is available to pay for the decommissioning. Professional advice should be taken to ensure the validity of the projected estimate. It is quite possible, depending on the outcome of the professional advice, a higher amount may be required.

A suggestion for suitable financial provisions could include evidence that a financial assurance is in place to ensure the permit or license holder can successfully undertake the decommissioning program, and meet any other requirements that may be imposed in relation to the decommissioning. This way, to the extent of funds available, the financial assurance can be use to offset the costs of the decommissioning, so the municipality or city does not have to incur any of these costs. It is usually assumed that the salvage value of the wind turbine and related equipment is considered as part of the decommissioning formula. These costs should be adjusted for inflation.



Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Suggestions for financial security might include:

- ▶ Performance bond
- ► Surety bond
- ► Letter of credit
- ► Other acceptable form of financial assurance [1]

Existing tower technology yields approximately 90% and salvageable materials i.e. steel by weight for recycling. Wind turbine towers, hubs, blades and generators are modular, allowing for ease in removal, reconditioning and reinstallation.<sup>[2]</sup>

...depending on the outcome of the professional advice, a higher amount may be required.



<sup>[1]</sup> Bowers Wind Project MDEP NRPA/Site Location of Development Combined Application SECTION 29: DECOMMISSIONING, Section\_29\_Decommissioning.pdf

<sup>[2]</sup> Best Practices in Implementation of Wind-Diesel Systems. Alaska Center for Energy and Power (ACEP) [Online] [Cited: May 26, 2013] http://www.uaf.edu/acep/alaska-wind-diesel-applic/wind-diesel-best-practice-1/bpguide.pdf

# decommissioning schedule considerations

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Provisions seeking a timely decommissioning might include that this procedure be carried out as soon as reasonably practical. It is reasonable to expect that the removal, repowering or other re-use of the wind turbine installation is not delayed, unless a robust case demonstrating re-use opportunities, or justifiable reasons for deferring the decommissioning are presented. Understandably, deferrals or other modifications from an agreed program would require approval from the applicable permitting or licensing agencies.

A wind turbine is presumed to be at the end of its useful life if no electricity is generated for a continuous period of twelve (12) months.<sup>[1]</sup>



It is up to the provisioning agency to establish what constitutes a reasonable time line for a decommissioning. The provisioning agency also needs to provide the wind turbine's owner with this information e.g. owner(s) or operator(s) shall complete decommissioning within, for example, sixty (60) days after the end of the wind turbine's useful life when all applicable permitting paperwork has been received and approved.

If there is a good cause requiring an extension, the Zoning Administrator may grant a reasonable extension of time to complete decommissioning. If the wind turbine's owner(s) or operator(s) fails to complete decommissioning within the prescribed time-period, the Zoning Administrator may designate a contractor to complete decommissioning with the expense thereof to be charged to the violator, or to become a lien against the premises.

If the wind turbine is not owned by the property owner(s), it may be recommended that a bond must be provided to the provisioning agency by the turbine operator(s) for the cost of decommissioning the wind turbine.<sup>[1]</sup>



A wind turbine is presumed to be at the end of its useful life if no electricity is generated for a continuous period of twelve (12) months.

<sup>[1]</sup> Codified Ordinances of Gibsonburg, OH, Part 13 - Building Codes, Chapter 1333 Small Wind Turbines [Online] [Cited: May 29, 2013] http://www.conwaygreene.com/WHDrane/lpext.dll/Gibsonburg/30ed/31f0?f=templates&fn=document-frame.htm&2.0#JD 133309

# project management & verification

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

In the interest of a developer, a review of the decommissioning plan may be required at regular intervals. Proposals may require modifications, and new information gathered due to changes in market conditions, etc. Depending on the conditions relating to the decommissioning, professional advice may be sought on proposal changes and license modifications required.

Upon completion of the decommissioning, the person(s) submitting the plan will be required to satisfy the respective authority that the approved plan has been successfully implemented. A detailed report on how the plan was carried out should be submitted within a reasonable time frame e.g. two months after completion of the decommissioning.



Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

As a best practice recommendation, this report should include:

- ► Confirmation the decommissioning has been carried out in accordance with the approved decommissioning plan, including an explanation of any major variances.
- ▶ Decommissioning information on the outcomes, including site restoration to pre-installation status.
- Confirmation that all appropriate bodies have been notified about the removal, and if any installation parts still remain.
- ▶ Information about the actual decommissioning costs and an explanation of any major variances from the forecasted costs.
- ► Provisions for post-decommissioning on-going monitoring reports, if required.

## 21

A detailed report on how the plan was carried out should be submitted within a reasonable time frame...



# site clearance & restoration

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline Site clearance and restoration should be addressed in the accompanying planning permission and agreements. In general, all visible traces of the wind turbine installation are removed. This includes removal of the wind turbine, tower and electrical components.

In the event that digging up the turbine foundation would cause greater environmental damage, it can be left in-situ. If the foundation is removed, a minimum depth below grade needs to be established for restoring, stabilizing, grading and clearing of the land surface areas affected.

Post-project evaluation and use of the dismantled wind turbine components involves categorizing parts for reconditioning, reuse, salvage, recycle, disposal and possibly research.



# post decommissioning

monitoring, maintenance & site management

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

Utility scale wind farms require implementation of a two-year monitoring and remediation period to ensure all the requirements of the decommissioning have been met. Depending on the respective municipality or statutory agencies, monitoring and maintenance of the site may or may not be required for a residential wind turbine in the built environment, and can be left under the auspice of the owner to manage.



## case study

aero power sl1500 berkeley, ca, usa [1981/82]

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline

#### introduction

Generating renewable energy closer to where it will be used just makes sense, and creates an opportunity for the public sector to not only respond to climate instability, but to also improve their finances. Vanguards started installing utility scale wind turbines in the Altamont Pass in the San Francisco Bay Area in 1981. During this time, there were incentives for other emerging renewables, like small wind turbines, that could also be installed by the general public. No doubt there were challenges and risks, but also the opportunity for many rewards.

However, when a small wind turbine is poorly sited, the results can be worthless—and worse—it can become a safety hazard for the community. Wind turbines, be they utility scale or smaller, commercial or residential, are designed to last over 20 years. During their lifespan, a proactive maintenance regime can extend the operational lifespan of utility scale or smaller commercial and residential wind turbine generators to a 30 year operational life span.



### the aero power systems sl1500 wind turbine specifications

Make, Model, Year	Aero Power Systems SL 1500 (1979)
Designer	Mario Agnello
Year Installed	1982
Туре	Horizontal Axis Wind Turbine (HAWT)
Mast	Custom built 60' Solargy Tower Monotube (four telescoping sections fabricated with boiler steel ANSI reference unknown)
Orientation	Upwind
Blades	3 (wood)
Rotor Diameter	12 ft (3.66 m)
Weight	160 lbs (72.6 kg)
Rated Power	1.43 kW
Rated Power (max)	1.5 kW
Rated Wind Speed	23.9 mph - 25 mph (10.7 m/s)
Cut-in Speed	6 mph - 8 mph (3.6 m/s)
Cut-out Speed	101 mph (45 m/s)
Date Installed	December 1981
Date Commissioned	January 1982
Cost (circa 1980)	\$3,000.00
Total Installation Cost	\$12,000.00 (City of Berkeley estimate)
Total Charges	\$17,000.00 (Amount actually paid)
Contact/Current Owner	Myra Wysinger
Location	3228 Idaho St., Berkeley, CA 94702, USA

table 2: aero power sl1500 specifications

### **25**

...when a small wind turbine is poorly sited, the results can be worthless—and worse—it can be come a safety hazard for the community...



#### historical summary

This Aero Power Systems SL1500 wind turbine generator (WTG) was installed in late 1981 in Berkeley, CA, USA. In spite of never having any maintenance, and although it was learned from the homeowner that it has been freewheeling, not generating any electricity for approximately ten years, this machine has not experienced a catastrophic mechanical failure event in over 30 years. To the best of the knowledge of the current homeowner, the reason it has been freewheeling is due to the fact that someone accidentally severed the brake cable.

Decommissioning a small wind turbine in the built environment is not an everyday occurrence. And, this particular location certainly would not be allowed by today's standards for a small wind turbine in the built environment e.g. one acre of real estate is typically required. This wind turbine was installed in residential neighborhood with a medium height and density roughness profile, between semidetached houses of mixed height. The base of the mast of this wind turbine is situated in very close proximity to electrical power lines and housing structures, making this decommissioning very challenging and involved.

A Public Records Act (PRA) Request was filed in March 2012 with the City of Berkeley Planning and Development Office for printed historical records on this wind turbine; nothing was available in the archives for retrieval. The only information about this wind turbine installation was obtained via interviews with the surviving Wysinger family members and from the scant 1982 City of Berkeley Zoning archives. The California Energy Commission (CEC), which approved an incentive payout, had a policy to dispose of documentation after four years. The CEC agent suggested contact be made with Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) and the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). Efforts were made to contact these agencies, and additionally did not net any information.

All technical information cited about this wind turbine installation is extricated from a March 1982

26
Decommissioning a small wind turbine in the built environment is not an everyday occurrence...



**27** 

Berkeley Gazette article and from a digitized 8 mm film located in the family garage:

- ▶ "Family sets up city's first residential windmill" Berkeley Gazette article

In the 25 March 1982 *Berkeley Gazette* article, the developer over-sold the wind turbine performance by stating the wind turbine:

- ▶ would generate 400 kW/month.
- ▶ would cover 90% of the family's Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) electricity bill.
- ▶ would be afforded a State of California 55% tax credit incentive from the California Energy Commission (CEC).
- ▶ would be entitled to have PG&E purchase excess power generated at \$0.072/kWh over ten years.
- ▶ had a 125 mph cut out speed.
- ▶ would receive entitlements from PG&E, which included a purchase of excess power generated at \$0.072/kWh over a 10 year period.

After just three months, the Wysinger family realized the wind turbine would not generate the amount of electricity the developer had promised. It was also learned that work was not completed on this installation, and legal recourse was pursued. So the family decided to decommission the wind turbine. However, they just did not have the financial means to do that—especially after the \$12,000 they had dropped on the installation several months prior.

In early 2012, an independent consultant offered services to voluntarily perform discovery about where the decommissioning challenges lay. It turned

The due diligence process revealed a great deal of involvement... the dominant reason why past attempts by many others had fallen short, were never started and never completed.



out decommissioning a small wind turbine in the City of Berkeley had not been encountered in the past. Additionally it was learned that this type of a demolition was not of the familiar of any personnel in the City of Berkeley City Manager's Office, Building and Planning Department, Zoning and Occupational Health and Safety departments.

The plan and work required during the due diligence process revealed a great deal of involvement, which invariably was the dominant reason why past attempts by many others had fallen short, were never started and never completed. An additional note of consequence is the installation was left in a state of disrepair and unsafe for an untold number of years, never receiving any O&M (operations and maintenance). The state of the electrical infrastructure was also left in a dubious state. Additionally, there was a known fatal design flaw in the governor of this particular wind turbine, where it was unable to hold the blades if the pivot wore. [1]

In early March 2013, a industrial engineering firm was consulted to perform an asbestos survey as per the City of Berkeley demolition application process. And, a qualified California License C10 Electrician was hired. The electrician ensured wires from the wind turbine were capped off, the hot connection in the respective mains was capped off, and the connections from the AC connections to the phasor-inverter were capped off. The wind turbine is now safe-off for anyone needing to climb up the mast without being concerned about the flow of electrons from the wind turbine, or from the PG&E electrical distribution network.

It was also revealed, there was an 'other structures' clause in the homeowner's insurance policy for coverage in the amount of \$73,000. However, the home-

owner was reluctant to pursue soliciting feedback from her insurance agent to see if this wind turbine fell under the auspice of an appurtenant structure and could be insured under a separate insurance policy for the decommissioning plan. Had she been willing to do this, these types of structures are assessed and charged at a lower rate. "Annual premiums are about \$2.50 per \$1,000 of value." [2] Additionally, since homeowner's insurance claims are typically for fire damage, the likely insurance premium would be slightly lower than a wind turbine installed in a rural area, since this wind turbine is approximately 1.5 miles from the closest fire station.

It was also discovered that the cost to perform this decommissioning would be prohibitively expensive for the homeowner. Costs for this decommissioning were estimated at ~\$20,000.00. (See "table 3: estimated costs for decommissioning an aero power sl1500 small wind turbine" on page 32) Because of all the involved complexity required for decommissioning of this wind turbine, in early May 2013, the City of Berkeley Officials agreed to step-in and afford the homeowner guidance on how to best proceed.

<sup>[2]</sup> Chiras, Dan. "Power from the Wind: Achieving Energy Independence." Gabriola Island, BC, Canada: New Society Publishers,



A few small wind energy experts have emphatically shared that this turbine needs to come down post-haste before there is loss of life or property. As of this writing, this machine still has not catastrophically failed mechanically; a testament to its designer, Mario Agnello. However, all this time it has been derelict and dangerous, making its catastrophic failure imminent, and a potential public safety hazard.

When this wind turbine is finally decommissioned, it is earmarked for donation for future study and research at the UC Berkeley Renewable and Appropriate Energy Lab (RAEL) Richmond, CA Field Laboratory.

NB: The following information is based on a projected time line. Unfortunately, a fundraising campaign conducted in late-April through early-May 2013 in behalf of procuring funds to pay for the costs of decommissioning this wind turbine fell short. So, this case study only achieved completing Stage 3 of this process plan. Stages 4-8 are projections. The development phases for the decommissioning planning process follows (See "figure 1: decommissioning planning process" on page 31):

#### **Consenting Phase**

In the Consenting Phase, the aim is to clarify and understand the basis for any objections and the decommissioning risks, and where possible, identify potential solutions. This phase involves and includes:

#### Stage 1

- ► Site identified for decommissioning
- ► Preliminary research undertaken
- ▶ Preliminary permits applications investigated
- ▶ Public interaction and discussions with stakeholders

#### Stage 2

- ► Project scoped out
- ▶ Budget cost estimate
- ► Local planning authority engagement and opinions offered
- ► Identify challenges and restrictions
- ▶ Fund raising opportunities investigated for covering decommissioning costs
- ► Public interaction and discussions with stakeholders

#### Stage 3

- Site data measurements taken
- ▶ Project logistical and feasibility considerations investigated
- ▶ Initial, formal consultation with interested, potentially affected parties
- ► Assessments conducted including a historical assessment



## 30

#### Stage 4

- ► Formal permits submitted
- ► Submission of electrical grid de-energizing application with local utility, if needed
- ▶ If applicable, decommissioning plan application submitted

#### **Review Phase**

In the Review Phase, the aim is to address any outstanding objections received from key statutory professionals, officials and stakeholders, and to ensure that any objections identified are mitigated. This phase involves and includes:

#### Stage 5

- ▶ Reviews and modifications of the decommissioning plan
- ▶ Ongoing consultation with community and stakeholders
- ► Statutory objections addressed

#### **Decommissioning Phase**

In the Decommissioning Phase, the aim is to put into action the decommissioning plan. This phase involves and includes:

#### Stage 6

- ► Agreements and approvals for program plan is approved by authority under relevant permit or licensing conditions
- ▶ Final site decommissioning sign-off obtained
- ► Ongoing interaction with community and stakeholders

#### Stage 7

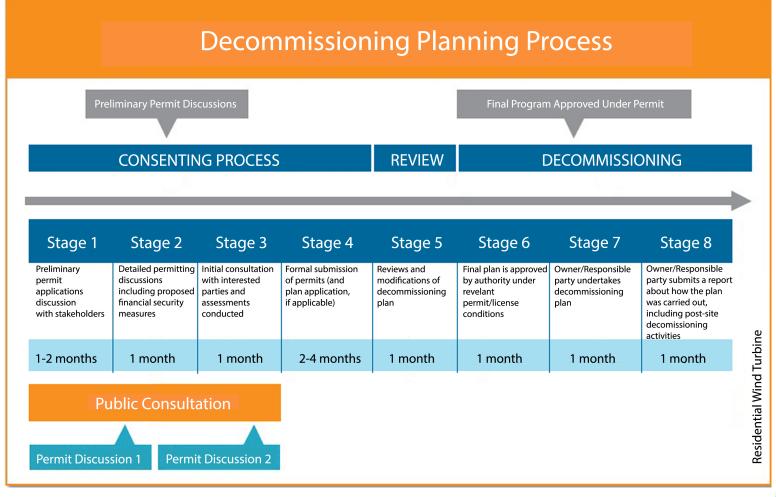
- ▶ Owner/Responsible party undertakes the decommissioning plan
- ▶ Wind turbine donated to local university for continued research
- ▶ Ongoing interaction with community and stakeholders

#### Stage 8

- ► Owner/Responsible party submits a report to the statutory bodies and local authorities about how the plan was carried out.
- ► Enumerate post-site activities
- ▶ Final plan program is approved under the permit issued
- Validation obtained from the local authority



figure 1: decommissioning planning process





DECOMMISSION	III	NG COST (in current dollars)	
	П		
Planning		Includes an asbestos survey and report, miscellaneous City of Berkeley paperwork, wind expert consultations	\$2,262.00
(On-site) Wind Turbine Expert		2 days; pre-planning, decommissioning, 8 hours/day	\$3,300.00
PG&E		Budget for Utility Clearance an to de-energize circuits. Includes 3 PG&E personnel for 8 hours	\$7,000.00
City of Berkeley Permits		Electrical, Demolition, Zoning, Encroachment	\$3,045.00
	$\perp$		
Crane		Includes the crane rental, operator, rigger for 8 hours	\$2,800.00
	$\perp$		
Incidentals		Tools (cutting saw), miscellaneous	\$2,500.00
CA Licensed C10 Electrician		8 hours x 2 days; 16 hours total	\$1,500.00
Electrical Line Worker/Tree Climber		1 day, to assist the wind turbine expert, 8 hours	\$250.00
Hauling		For mast to the recycler	\$160.00
TOTAL REMOVAL C	C	ST	\$22,817.00
Salvage value of		1.5 to 2.0/NT @ \$235.00 NT* based on	-\$470.00
mast		current market rate(\$325.50-\$470.00)	Ç470.00
ESTIMATED COST (	OF	DECOMMISSIONING	\$22,491.00

<sup>\*</sup> Net tonne

table 3: estimated costs for decommissioning an aero power sl1500 small wind turbine



# appendix

Small Wind Turbines in the Built Environment Decommissioning Guideline



# a - acronyms & abbreviations

# CEC

California Energy Commission

# **CPUC**

California Public Utilities Commission

# **C10**

Classification identifier for California Electricians

### EIA

**Environmental Impact Analysis** 

# **ES**

**Environmental Statement** 

# O&M

Operation & Maintenance

# **OSHA**

Occupational Safety & Health Administration

# PG&E

Pacific Gas & Electric

# **PRA**

Public Records Act

### **SL1500**

Model number for the Aero Power SL1500 wind turbine

# **WTG**

Wind Turbine Generator

# b - city of berkeley, ca, usa permit & application exhibits

Exhibits follow on the next pages.





# **DEMOLITION**REGULATION 11, Rule 2

# **Notification Form**

,

•	• •	•	_				•
•	ITA.	$\Delta$ t	114	Sm	$\sim$	141	$\sim$ n
u	ite	VI.	U	3111	v		UII

Site Address:	Cross Street:
City:	
Owner/Operator	Phone ( )
Specific Location of Project within Building/A	Address:
Check One: Single Family Dwelling	Commercial  Multifamily Dwelling  Govt Bldg  School
Contractor/Individual Performing Den	nolition
Name: Company/Individual	Contact:
Mailing Address:	
City:	Zip: Phone: ( )
Have you previously submitted notification	ons for other sites?
Description of Demolition	
Is this Demolition by Fire for Fire Trainin	ng purposes?
	<b>19 par poses</b> : <b>2</b> yes <b>2</b> No
Is this Demolition ordered by a Governme (Emergency only – attach copy of order)	ent Agency?
Is this Demolition ordered by a Governme	
Is this Demolition ordered by a Governme (Emergency only – attach copy of order)	applicable method:
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion	applicable method:  By Hand Other
Is this Demolition ordered by a Governme (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check	applicable method:  By Hand Other
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be	applicable method:  By Hand Other
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey:	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address:	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address: City:	applicable method: By Hand Other entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.) Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: Phone: ( )
Is this Demolition ordered by a Governme (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address: City: Name of person who completed the survey:	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: Phone: ( )
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address:  City: Name of person who completed the survey: Is /was asbestos present?	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: CAC/SST #:
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address:  City: Name of person who completed the survey: Is /was asbestos present?	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: CAC/SST #:
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address: City: Name of person who completed the survey: Is /was asbestos present?	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: Phone: ( ) CAC/SST #:
Is this Demolition ordered by a Government (Emergency only – attach copy of order)  If not Demolition for Fire Training, check  Heavy Equipment Implosion  Dates of Demolition: (Actual dates must be Start: Completion:  Asbestos Survey Report  Name of company that conducted survey: Address: City: Name of person who completed the survey: Is /was asbestos present?	applicable method:  By Hand Other  entered, "ASAP" or "SOON" will be rejected.)  Weekend Work? Night Work (After 5 PM)?  Zip: Phone: ( ) CAC/SST #: No demo? Title:

# Payment must be received before J# will be assigned. Payment type: Check Cashier's Check Money Order Credit Card\* (Visa, MasterCard Only) (payments, other than credit card payment, must be mailed or delivered to: 939 Ellis St., San Francisco, CA 94109) I certify that the above information is correct and that I will comply with all of the requirements of the BAAQMD's regulations, as well as all other applicable federal, state and local requirements. Signature of Contractor or Person Performing Demolition:

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- This notification form shall be used to notify the BAAQMD of a demolition operation only. Notification is required for every demolition. All boxes must be completed. \*Notification forms may be faxed to (415) 749-4658, but the credit card payment form must be faxed separately to (415) 749-4969. Job numbers will not be issued until applicable fees are received.
- Notification shall be provided to the District at least 10 working days prior to commencement of demolition, or as early as possible prior to commencement of emergency demolition. <u>The notification period will not</u> <u>start until a complete notification is submitted</u>.
- An Acknowledgement Letter is mailed to the contractor/individual listed upon receipt of a complete notification. This should be checked for accuracy of data.
- If the job is postponed or cancelled, the District <u>must</u> be notified of a revision; the Acknowledgement Letter should be used to fax or mail the revision information. When cancelled, a cancellation fee will apply.
- For specific "Emergency" conditions, the 10 working day period will be waived. Notification must be made by fax, and the job number will be issued if accompanied with a faxed copy of a valid check, cashier's check or money order.
- For residential structures with 4 or fewer units, the 10 working day period may be reduced to 72 hours for an additional fee.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- SPECIFIC LOCATION OF PROJECT: Identify where the demolition is taking place if the site contains more than one building.
- START AND COMPLETION DATES: The start date is the date on which demolition of the facility or structure commences. Any revision to the start or completion dates must be submitted prior to the previously notified date(s). Under no circumstances may the revised start date be earlier than the 10<sup>th</sup> working day following the postmark or fax date of the original notification. If the start date is unknown, enter an estimated start date and revise the notification when the actual start date is known, but not later than the estimated start date.
- **FIRE TRAINING**: Reg. 11-2-206 includes "intentional burning" in the definition of demolition. Notification is required, the 10 working day requirement must be met and all Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) >1% must be removed prior to fire training. The District's Open Burning Notification form must also be filed and the applicable requirements of Regulation 5 must be met.
- SURVEY REPORT: See page 3 for survey requirements for your demolition.
- GOVERNMENT ORDERED DEMOLITION: If an "Emergency" demolition (see above) is the result of a
  state or local agency declaring the building a public nuisance or structurally unsound and in danger of
  imminent collapse, a copy of the written order must accompany this notification.

# FEES APPLICABLE TO DEMOLITION OPERATIONS (FROM REGULATION 3, SCHEDULE L)

Demolition conducted at a single family dwelling is subject to the following fee:

**OPERATION FEE: \$63** 

Cancellation: \$63 (100% of fee) non-refundable, for notification processing.

Demolition conducted at a single family dwelling or multiple family dwelling with four or fewer units with 72 hours instead of 10 days prior notice (excluding emergencies) is allowed upon payment of the following additional fee:

**OPERATION FEE: \$437** 

Demolition, other than those conducted at a single family dwelling, is subject to the following fee:

**OPERATION FEE: \$262** 

Cancellation: \$175 of above amount non-refundable for notification processing. Demolition conducted for the purpose of **fire training** is exempt from fee.

SURVEY REQUIREMENTS FOR DEMOLITION OPERATION (FROM REGULATION 11, RULE 2)

**303.8 Surveys**: Except for ordered demolitions, prior to commencement of any demolition or renovation, the owner or operator shall thoroughly survey the affected structure or portion thereof for the presence of asbestos-containing material, including Category I and Category II nonfriable asbestos-containing material. The survey shall be performed by a person who is certified by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and who has taken and passed an EPA-approved Building Inspector course and who conforms to the procedures outlined in the course. The survey shall include sampling and the results of laboratory analysis of the asbestos content of all suspected asbestos-containing materials. This survey shall be made available, upon request by the APCO, prior to the commencement of any RACM removal or any demolition. This subsection shall not apply if the owner or operator asserts that the material to be renovated is RACM and will be handled in accordance with the provisions of Sections 11-2-303, 304 and 401. The requirement for certification by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health shall not apply to in-house health professionals within a specific nonasbestos related company who perform occasional surveys only for that company as part of their regular job responsibilities

- 8.1 When a structure, or portion thereof, is demolished under an ordered demolition, the survey must be done prior to, during, or after the demolition but prior to loading or removal of any demolition debris. If the debris contains regulated asbestos-containing material, all of the debris shall be treated as asbestos-containing waste material pursuant to Section 11-2-304.
- 8.2 For renovation or demolition of residential buildings having four or fewer dwelling units, a survey is not required. A sample and test of the material will be required only when any of the following will be removed or disturbed: heating, ventilation, air conditioning ducting and systems; acoustic ceiling material or acoustic plaster; textured or skim coated wall surfaces, cement siding or stucco, or resilient flooring. Where the material is found to contain greater than 1 percent asbestos and is friable, the material must be handled in accordance with Section 11-2-303.



# **CREDIT CARD PAYMENT FORM**

(District accepts Visa and MasterCard ONLY)

# Fax this form directly to the District Finance Office at

# 415-749-4969\*

\* use a separate form for each job notification

	Amount Paid \$ (re	equired)		
Site Address:				
City:				
Zip:				
Project Description:	Demolition		Renovation	
Removal Amount (of regulate	ed asbestos):	lin ft	sq ft	cu ft
CREDIT CARD INFORMATI	ON:			
Name as Appears on Card:				
Company Name:				
Card Billing Address:				
Billing Address Zip Code:				
Card No:				
CVV2 Code (3 digit code on	reverse side of card)			
Authorized Signature (requ				
Authorized Signature indicate	<u> </u>	ing the Bay	Area Air Quality	Management
District to charge to your cre	•	•	•	•
Card holder's phone # (req	uired):			
☐ Check if you would like a	a receipt			
Fax # or email address:	•			



2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704 Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510.981.6903 Fax: 510.981.7505 Email: Planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us

# AN APPOINTMENT IS NEEDED TO SUBMIT A DEMOLITION APPLICATION. CALL (510) 981-7502 FOR AN APPOINTMENT

# **DEMOLITION PERMIT CHECKLIST**

Demolition is defined as: (City of Berkeley Zoning Ordinance 6478-N.S., Sect. Sub-title 23F)

A building or enclosed structure shall be considered demolished for the purposes of this chapter when, within any continuous 12 month period, such building or enclosed structure is destroyed in whole or in part or is relocated from one lot to another. For purposes of this Section, destroyed in part means when 50% or more of the enclosing exterior walls and 50% or more of the roof are removed. Removal of facades or portions of facades is subject to **Chapter 23E.12**.

Address and Building Description ————————————————————————————————————
Reason for Demolition ————————————————————————————————————
Building Permit Application
Demolition Permit Application
Zoning Certificate Application
"J" Number from Bay Area Air Quality Management District, (415) 771-6000 or 1-(800) HELP AIR or on the web at <a href="https://www.baaqmd.gov">www.baaqmd.gov</a>
If the structure to be demolished has any Gas or Electrical Utilities, applicant must have a <u>UTILITY CLEARANCE</u> from PG&E upon submittal of the demolition application.



2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704 Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510.981.6903 Fax: 510.981.7505 Email: <a href="mailto:Planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us">Planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us</a>

Waste Diversion Plan submitted to Solid Waste Management (BMC 19.24) 1201 Second Street, Berkeley CA, 94710, (510) 981-6368, <a href="https://www.cityofberkeley.info/ContentDisplay.aspx?id=46678">www.cityofberkeley.info/ContentDisplay.aspx?id=46678</a> Demolitions with a valuation over \$50,000.
Site Plan: 2 Sets  Dimensioned drawing on 11" x 17" paper – Provide a complete plot plan (Overhead view) showing lot dimensions, property lines, yard setbacks, street name(s) and north arrow. Show location of all structures on the property, driveway(s) and identify off street parking locations (garage or other designated space(s)). Clearly indicate location of demolition work on plans and distance to property lines.
2 complete copies of Approved Use Permit, if applicable.
Photographs: 2 Sets Color photograph or color copies of building/structure to be demolished mounted on 8½" x 11" paper.
Building &Safety, Environmental Health, Fire and Zoning Plan Check Fees required with submittal of Demolition Permit Application.



# PERMIT SERVICE CENTER

2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704 Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510.981.6903 Fax: 510.981.7505

# **Demolition Permit Application**

"J" N	No Permit App. No	
	ication is hereby made to the City of Berkeley, Planning and Development Department ice Center for a Demolition Permit to demolish:	, Permit
	ccessory/Shed  Residential/Dwelling(s)  Garage/Carport  Commercial  Industrial  be building located at	
	(address)	
The s	subject building(s) is/was declared:	
	Unsafe and a public nuisance under Ordinance No. 7005-N.S., Section A115, and summary abatement procedures instituted by the Planning and Community Development Department on February 04, 2007. (*Fire Department to sign off on all unsafe and public nuisance properties.)	
	Authorized by the Zoning Adjustments Board under provisions of <b>Zoning Ording</b> No. 6478-N.S. by the granting of Use Permit Number Dated  (2 copies of approved Use Permit must be attached with this application).	

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

- 1. Garage/Carport demolition requires Land Use (Zoning) approval to verify compliance with parking requirements. For further information contact the Land Use Division at (510) 981-7410, or visit the Zoning Counter.
- 2. To rebuild non-conforming accessory structures by right, a permit for the new building must be issued prior to the demolition permit. For further information contact Land Use Division at (510) 981-7410, or visit the Zoning Counter.
- 3. In most cases, demolition of a main building is only allowed after issuance of a permit for a new building. For further information contact Land Use Division at **(510) 981-7410**, or visit the Zoning Counter.
- 4. A fire sprinkler system may be required if there is more than 150 feet from a road to the most remote portion of the new structure rear wall through an approved route.
- 5. All wood, debris, rubble, foundation and abandoned vehicles must be removed.
- 6. When a cleared lot is to be undeveloped for more than thirty (30) days, open portions shall be graded and either planted or treated with dust-free surfacing.
- 7. Demolition shall be done at a time when dust, debris, noise and hazard are minimized.
- 8. If there is a hazard to pedestrians and vehicles as determined by the Building Official, a protective barrier shall be erected. Protection must be provided in place in accordance with **Chapter 33, Section 3306** of the California Building Code and the City of Berkeley Pedestrian Protection guidelines.
- Driveways, sidewalks and curbs damaged as a result of the demolition work should be repaired with inkind material.
- 10. By **City Ordinance No.-N.S. 3380**, no street trees, shrubbery in the City right-of-way shall be damaged and/or destroyed by demolition work. The City's Forestry Supervisor shall be called at **510.981.6660** for free inspection of special situations.



# PERMIT SERVICE CENTER

2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704 Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510.981.6903 Fax: 510.981.7505

- 11. A Performance Bond, as determined by the Building Official, may be required.
- 12. A Public Works Temporary Right-of- Way Use Permit must be obtained if the public right-of-way is used for staging. This includes perimeter fencing, debris boxes, or containers on the public right-of-way.
- 13. A utilities Clearance letter from PG&E indicating that electrical and gas utilities to the building have been disconnected must be submitted with the demolition permit application. Note: This does **not** apply for partial demolitions or accessory structures.
- 14. Street Use Permit must be obtained prior to the start of work. This permit will not be issued until the applicant has obtained a utility clearance from PG&E stating that all utilities have been disconnected.
- 15. If the building sewer will <u>not</u> be re-used for new construction, it must be abandoned at the point at which it enters the main. A Public Works permit for sewer capping must be obtained. If the building sewer will be re-used, the sewer shall be capped 18" behind the curb and must be inspected and approved by the Public Works Department prior to commencement of demolition.
- 16. A Demolition Permit shall be obtained and all fees paid **BEFORE** proceeding with demolition.
- 17. Applicant is to schedule a final building inspection once structure has been demolished and all debris has been removed from the site. (**Provide this note on the site plan**)
- 18. Lead based paint chips must be contained and disposed of as a hazardous waste. Call Alameda County Household Hazardous Waste Facility (HHWF) at (800) 606-6606 or visit their website at www.stopwaste.org for more information.
- 19. Berkeley residents can properly dispose of unwanted household chemicals (paint and thinners, oil, fuel, pesticides, cleaners, etc.) at the HHWF.
- 20. A Recycling Plan is required for demolitions with a valuation over \$50,000. File the Recycling Plan with the City of Berkeley's Solid Waste Management Division, **1201 2<sup>nd</sup> Street.** Questions regarding filing of or approval to the Recycling Plan should be directed to Solid Waste Management, **(510) 981-6368.** www.cityofberkeley.info/ContentDisplay.aspx?id=46678
- 21. Treated Wood Waste (TWW) is hazardous waste and requires special handling and disposal. Please see the Department of Toxic Substance Control's "Requirements for Generators of TTW" fact sheet at www.dtsc.ca.gov for more information.
- 22. Vector Control reviews rodent control plans, waste accumulations, chemical hazardous and removal of debris is accordance with Health and Safety violations prior to the demolition of the project.

I certify that I have read the Specifications above and the information is true and correct. I agree to comply with these "Specifications."

Applicant Signature		Date	
Land Use Planning	Date	Environmental Health	Date
P.W. Eng/Traffic	Date	Fire Marshal	Date
Building Official	 Date	Reserved	Date



2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704

Main Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510.981-6903 Fax: 510.981-7505 Scheduling Inspections: 510.981-7444 Building Inspectors: 510.981-7440

Email: Planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us

# **Building Permit Application**

		SHADED AREAS	FOR STAFF USE ONLY			
APPLICATION	#	APN #		USE PERMIT #		
STREET ADDRESS / UNIT #(if applicable)  BUILT BEFORE 1978					JILT BEFORE 1978	
TOTAL PROJE	CT SQUARE FEET		* VALUATION (\$)			
which the permi	* - The valuation used in computing the Building Permit fee shall include total value of work, including materials and labor, for which the permit is being issued, such as electrical, gas, mechanical, plumbing equipment and permanent systems.  BMC SECTION 19.28.20					
□NEW □ADD	□DEMO>DEM □RE		AIR>REP	□GRADING □OTH	ER (Describe Below)	
Fire Zone 1□ 2□		Alquist Priolo: Yes		Flood Zone: A□ B□	⊐ C□	
Liquefaction Zone Creek on the Parc			Landslide Area: Work in the Right	Yes□ No □ t of Way: Yes □ No □		
Is this a Resident	ial Rental Unit: □Yes □	No		ant need relocating?	lYes □ No	
DESCRIBE SCOP	E OF WORK:					
ADDITIONAL P	PERMITS REQUIRED:	☐ Electrical ☐ Mec	hanical 🛮 Plumbin	g Dother		
	Construction Type	Occupancy Code	Square Footage	#Residential Units	#Stories	
EXISTING						
PROPOSED						
Property Owner	Name	Phone #	Applicant/Contact	Person	Phone#	
Address			Address			
City, ST		Zip	City, ST			
Email address			Email address	Email address		
Contractor's Con	npany Name	Phone #	Licensed Design Pr	ofessional Name		
State Lic#	Bus Lic	#	State Lic# Phone #			
Address	I		Address	Address		
City, ST		Zip	City, ST Zip			
Email address			Email address			

# PERMIT DECLARATIONS for FAX or Mail-In Only

□ LICENSED CONTRACTOR'S DECLARATION AND INFORMAT	<u>ION</u>
Professions Code, and my license is in full force and effect.	of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and
License Class	License No.
Date	Contractor
Any city that requires a permit to construct, alter, improve, demolis, permit to file a signed statement that he or she is licensed pursuant t Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code) or	ate License Law for the following reason (Sec. 7031.5, Business and Professions Code: the or repair any structure, prior to its issuance, also requires the applicant for the to the provisions of the Contrators' State License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with a that he or she is exempt therefrom and the basis for the alleged exemption. Any applicant to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500).):
is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044, Business and Profession who builds or improves thereon, and who does the work himself or her	ble compensation, will do (_) all of or (_) portions of the work, and the structure is Code: The Contractors' State License law does not apply to an owner of property riself or through his or her own employees, provided that the improvements are ment is sold within one year of completion, the owner-builder will have the burden ale.).
	d contractors to construct the project (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: perty who builds or improves thereon, and who contracts for the projects with a . <b>Provide contractor information above.</b>
☐ I am exempt from licensure under the Contractors' State License La	aw for the following reason:
NOTE: To obtain permit, the owner-builder must also sub Sale Forms. (Permit Supplement 1). When executed by a pauthorization of Agent to Act on Property Owner's Behalf form	mit completed Owner-Builder Verification of Information & Limitation of person other than the property owner, owner must also sign the
☐ <u>AUTHORIZED AGENT DECLARATION</u> I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am the authorized agent of:	□ CONTRACTOR □ OWNER
	Print Name of Agent
Address:	NOTE: A permit applicant who files a signed document by facsimile transmission (fax)
	with the City of Berkeley Permit Service Center represents that the original signed document is in his or her possession or control. At any time after filing the document,
Phone No.	the City may demand production of the original physically signed document.
	Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, the City of Berkeley will treat a signature produced by facsimile transmission as an original.
WORKERS' COMPENSATION DECLARATION (This section need I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the following declarations	
☐ I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self-insure for work	kers' compensation, issued by the Director of Industrial Relations as provided for by
	r which this permit is issued. POLICY NUMBER  by Section 3700-3800 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for
which this permit is issued. My workers' compensation insurance carrier a	
CARRIER:	POLICY NUMBER
EXPIRATION DATE: NAME OF AGENT:	PHONE #:
□ I certify that, in the performance of the work for which this permit is i worker's compensation laws of California, and agree that, if I should beco Labor Code, I shall forthwith comply with those provisions. WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE	ssued, I shall not employ any person in any manner so as to become subject to the me subject to the workers' compensation provisions of Section 3700-3800 of the EIS UNLAWFUL, AND SHALL SUBJECT AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL PENALTIES (), IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR
	ew on request) se Permit, I understand my obligation to comply and work within prescribed hours.
<ul> <li>I am aware of my responsibilities under the Relocation Ordinance.</li> <li>I certify that I have read and shall use to the maximum extent practifor Construction.</li> </ul>	icable applicable portions of the State Storm Water Best Management Practices Manual
CONSTRUCTION LENDING AGENCY DECLARATION  ☐ I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that there is a construction le 3097, Civ. C.).	ending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued (Sec.
Lender's Name:	
Lender' Address:	
□ BUILDING & SAFETY — Certificate Of Compliance And and the following: I am the property owner or authorized to act on the pris correct. I agree to comply with all state laws and city and county ordin Berkeley Building and Safety Division to enter upon the property for which □ ENGINEERING — Certificate Of Indemnification and O	Authorization Of Entry: By my signature below, I certify to each of the above operty owner's behalf. I have read this application and state that the information given ances relating to building construction and authorize a representative of the City of
specified in BMC Title 16 and 17 as amended, and in specifications, detail part of this permit, whether written or oral, and to the satisfaction of the the City of Berkeley.	plans and the Building Codes of the City of Berkeley, and in all special provisions made a Director of Public Works. I further agree to comply with all regulations and ordinances of
CONTRACTOR, OWNER, or AUTHORIZED AGENT SIGNATURE each of the above declarations are true.	RE_(Circle One) I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that
each of the above decided forts are true.	

(Print)



Land Use Planning, 2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704
Tel: 510.981.7410 TDD: 510.981.7474 Fax: 510.981.7420 Email: Planning@CityofBerkeley.info

# **ZONING CERTIFICATE APPLICATION**

# FOR BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATIONS

Applicants, please complete the following legibly (in ink) that are applicable:  Building Permit #  Project Address:
Project Description:
If a Use Permit was issued for this project, list Permit # If Design Review has occurred, check here
New Building or Structure Total New Gross Floor Area: gross sq.ft.  Proposed Use:
Existing Building: Existing Use:  Proposed Use: Exterior/Façade Changes only:
Addition to existing structure: Floor Area of addition: gross sq.ft.
Ground Floor Addition Expand Other Floors
Remodel of Existing Building: Are any of the following proposed?
Addition or removal of: Any interior walls? Kitchens? Mezzanines/lofts
Conversion of basements, cellars, attics, or garages to useable/habitable floor area?
Addition, expansion, or replacement of decks?
Demolitions - Whole or partial Check here if removal or replacement of a portion of existing structure  (Note: Removal of 50% or more of the exterior wall area and 50% or more of the roof of a building is a "Demolition" under the Zoning Ordinance)  Addition or removal of covered or uncovered parking spaces?  If Yes, Explain:
Applicant Property Owner Name:
Name:Address:
0'', 0', 7''.
Dhara Na. ( )
Applicant's Signature Date // / Note: Property Owner's authorization is required for all permits, and written approval may be required as a condition of approval.
STAFF USE ONLY Zoning District: Ord. Sect. # Zoning Cert. #
Approved By: Date: _ / _ / Fee: \$ Intake Planner:
Comments:



Land Use Planning, 2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704
Tel: 510.981.7410 TDD: 510.981.7474 Fax: 510.981.7420 Email: Planning@CityofBerkeley.info

# Zoning certificate fees for building permit applications

Fee category	Fee amount	Comment
Commercial		
Non-residential construction	\$180	Including tenant improvements
(unless listed below)		
Construction of by-right new	Calculated at \$180	Includes by-right additions and new
commercial floor area	per 1,000 sq. ft of	buildings
	newly constructed	
	floor area or major	
	fraction thereof	
Construction of by-right live work	Calculated at \$180	
units	per live work unit	
Residential		
Residential	\$180	
additions/improvements		
<b>Discretionary Permits (Construct</b>	ion associated with)	
Construction associated with an	\$180	
Administrative Use Permit		
Construction associated with a	\$360	
Use Permit		

# BERKELEY CONSTRUCTION/DEMOLITION WASTE DIVERSION PLAN

Complete the Waste Diversion Plan with as much detail as possible. Your contractor or architect can provide you with the estimated cost of the construction or demolition. Please provide accurate contact information for the person responsible for completing the Waste Diversion Plan and the Waste Diversion Report. Briefly describe material (e.g. wood-scraps, concrete-driveway, roofing – asphalt shingle. Check the use columns.

Check all that apply:	•	DEMOLIT	TION NEW CONSTRUCTION			N	REMODEL			
Permit # (optional)			Project Address:			Est. Start date:				
Contact Name:			Contact Title:				Project Value:			
Contact Address:			City:				Zip:			
Phone:			Fax:			E-Mail:				
Project Summary (ex. demo										
. MATERIAL	DE	SCRIBE	REUSE	RECYCLI	Е	COMPOST	LAN	NDFILL		DESTINATION(S)
Asphalt										
Brick, Masonry, Tile										
Cardboard										
Carpet, padding/foam										
Concrete										
Dirt & Rock										
Metals										
Plant Debris										
Sheetrock (not painted)										
Clean wood (not painted or treated, nails ok)										
Roofing (type?)										
Reusable Items										
Wood - painted, plywood										
Other Debris										

Berkeley Construction / Demolition recycling plan			
What deconstruction will you do? If none, state why not. (Salvaged items from deconstruction count towards your diversion rate.)			
I acknowledge that I understand the diversion requirements of BMC 19.24	and submit this plan in partial compliance of the ordinance		
Signature			
Print Name:	Title:		
Please return this form to 1201 2nd Street, Berkeley, 94706; fax it to 981-6 information and technical assistance, call 981-6368.	360 attn: Tania Levy or email it to tlevy@ci.berkeley.ca.us. For more		
This project Requires Does not require a report after from disposal and recycling locations. You will need them to do description of materials and use is sufficient.			
SWMD Staff Signature:	DATE:		



Permit Service Center 2120 Milvia Street, Berkeley, CA 94704

Main Tel: 510.981.7500 TDD: 510 981-6903 Fax: 510 981-7505 Scheduling Inspections: 510 981-7444 Building Inspectors: 510 981-7440

Email: Planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us

# Electrical Permit Application SHADED AREAS FOR STAFF USE ONLY

APPLICATION #								
STREET ADDRESS / UNIT # (If applicable)			TENANT NAME					
TOTAL PROJECT SQUARE FEET			VALUATION					
APPLICATION GROUP:  NEW ADD	□ DEMO>DEM	□ R	EMOI	DEL>F	REM 🗆	REPAIR>	·REP	
Contractor Name	Phone#				rmit Fee \$100.0	00 + Filing Fee	\$22 +	
Address	State Lic#		MIM	MUM E	LECTRICAL PER	RMIT FEE OF \$1	L27.00	
City CT	Bus Lic#		Fees	For Elec	trical Permit (	Indicate Quant	ities)	
City, ST	ZIP Code		<u> </u>		e Description		Fee/Units	
			<u> </u>		neck/Inspection F	ee	\$170.00/hr	
Property Owner Name	Phone#		Qty		e Description e, Each 100 Amps	(w/ Meter	Fee/Units	
Address					isting Circuits)	W Meter	\$11.90 ea	
				Large I	Projects – elect w	ork>\$100,000	1% of value	
City, ST	ZIP Code				w/Add Per 100sf , switches & light		\$15.00/ea 100sf	
Applicant/Contact Person	Phone#		Rece	eptacle	Switch	Light	\$2.70 ea	
Address	FAX#				 /iring, Each Chan ing subpanel/s)	ge	\$26.10 ea	
City, ST	ZIP Code			Solar P			\$26.10	
3.47, 5.				Branch	Circuits-Each		\$4.80 ea	
Email				Fixed A	Appliance Outlet		\$11.10 ea	
					New or Changed	1)	\$7.20 ea	
Misc. Comments (Brief Job Description)				Temp I	Power Pole/per1(	00 Amps	\$26.50 ea	
				-	up to 10 HP		\$7.10 ea	
				1	over 10HP, Each	HP	\$1.90 ea	
					ator up to 10KV		\$7.20 ea	
					ator over 10KV, E	ach KV	\$1.90 ea	
					ormer up to 10K\		\$4.80 ea	
					ormer over 10KV		\$1.90 ea	
					Outline Light/KV	,	\$26.50 ea	
					Capacitors/misc		\$26.50 ea	
					n Lighting (per sy	ystem)	\$10.00 ea	

# of Stories **Single Family Residential** # Multi-Family Residential # Commercial

NOTE: If this is a fax-in permit, complete the Permit Application Information on the reverse side of this form.

# PERMIT DECLARATIONS for FAX or Mail-In Only

Professions Code, and my license is in full force and effect.	of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and				
	License No.				
Date	Contractor				
Any city that requires a permit to construct, alter, improve, demolisi permit to file a signed statement that he or she is licensed pursuant to Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code) or	ate License Law for the following reason (Sec. 7031.5, Business and Professions Code: the or repair any structure, prior to its issuance, also requires the applicant for the to the provisions of the Contrators' State License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with that he or she is exempt therefrom and the basis for the alleged exemption. Any applicant to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500).):				
is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions who builds or improves thereon, and who does the work himself or her	ole compensation, will do (_) all of or (_) portions of the work, and the structure is Code: The Contractors' State License law does not apply to an owner of property reself or through his or her own employees, provided that the improvements are nent is sold within one year of completion, the owner-builder will have the burden ale.).				
	d contractors to construct the project (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: perty who builds or improves thereon, and who contracts for the projects with a provide contractor information above.				
	omit completed Owner-Builder Verification of Information & Limitation a person other than the property owner, owner must also sign the				
$\ \square$ <b>AUTHORIZED AGENT DECLARATION</b> I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that I am the authorized agent of:	□ CONTRACTOR □ OWNERPrint				
Name of Agent	NOTE: A permit applicant who files a signed document by facsimile transmission (fax)				
Address:	with the City of Berkeley Permit Service Center represents that the original signed document is in his or her possession or control. At any time after filing the document, the City may demand production of the original physically signed document.				
Phone No.	Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, the City of Berkeley will treat a signature produced by facsimile transmission as an original.				
I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury one of the following declarations  ☐ I have and will maintain a certificate of consent to self-insure for work Section 3700-3800 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for  ☐ I have and will maintain workers' compensation insurance, as required which this permit is issued. My workers' compensation insurance carrier a	xers' compensation, issued by the Director of Industrial Relations as provided for by r which this permit is issued. POLICY NUMBER If by Section 3700-3800 of the Labor Code, for the performance of the work for				
EXPIRATION DATE: NAME OF AGENT:	PHONE #:				
worker's compensation laws of California, and agree that, if I should beco Labor Code, I shall forthwith comply with those provisions. WARNING: FAILURE TO SECURE WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE	ssued, I shall not employ any person in any manner so as to become subject to the me subject to the workers' compensation provisions of Section 3700-3800 of the E IS UNLAWFUL, AND SHALL SUBJECT AN EMPLOYER TO CRIMINAL PENALTIES I), IN ADDITION TO THE COST OF COMPENSATION, DAMAGES AS PROVIDED FOR				
<u>CITY ORDINANCES DECLARATION</u> (Ordinances available for vi					
<ul> <li>In conformance with the City of Berkeley Noise Ordinance, and/or Us</li> <li>I am aware of my responsibilities under the Relocation Ordinance.</li> <li>I certify that I have read and shall use to the maximum extent practifor Construction.</li> </ul>	se Permit, I understand my obligation to comply and work within prescribed hours.  icable applicable portions of the State Storm Water Best Management Practices Manual				
CONSTRUCTION LENDING AGENCY DECLARATION  ☐ I hereby affirm under penalty of perjury that there is a construction le 3097, Civ. C.).  Lender's Name:	ending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued (Sec.				
Lender' Address:					
and the following: I am the property owner or authorized to act on the pris correct. I agree to comply with all state laws and city and county ordin. Berkeley Building and Safety Division to enter upon the property for which Image: Engineering - Certificate Of Indemnification and County of Berkeley and its officers and employees from any and all claims specified in BMC Title 16 and 17 as amended, and in specifications, detail part of this permit, whether written or oral, and to the satisfaction of the late City of Berkeley.	Authorization Of Entry:  By my signature below, I certify to each of the above operty owner's behalf. I have read this application and state that the information given ances relating to building construction and authorize a representative of the City of n I have applied for this permit for the purpose of making inspections.  Compliance:  By my signature below, I hereby agree to indemnify and hold harmless a arising from, or out of work, connected with this permit and to perform all work as plans and the Building Codes of the City of Berkeley, and in all special provisions made a Director of Public Works. I further agree to comply with all regulations and ordinances of the City of Public Works. I further agree to comply with all regulations and ordinances of the City of the City of Public Works. I further agree to comply with all regulations and ordinances of the City of the City of Public Works. I further agree to comply with all regulations and ordinances of the City of the				
each of the above declarations are true.					

SIGNATURE: \_\_\_\_



# **Subdivision and Encroachment Permit Fees Transmittal Form**

To Applicant: RETAIN THIS FORM. IT MUST BE RETURNED FOR ANY REFUND NAME OF REMITTOR: \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION OF JOB:\_\_\_\_\_ Lot Line Adjustment ..... 1,743.00 Tentative Map..... 5,453.00 Minor Amendment to Approved Tentative Map..... 373.00 Major Amendment to Approved Tentative Map ...... 1,686.00 Final Map filing fee 376.00 Certificate of Compliance 1,743.00 Minor Encroachment Permit application fee ..... 454.00 Minor Encroachment final fee 1,228.00 Major Encroachment Permit application fee 454.00 Creek Permit .....\$ Other General Engineering fees (specify).....\$ TOTAL FEES ......\$\_\_\_\_\_\_\$ Other Special Deposit (Map deposit – separate check) ......\$\_\_\_\_\_\_\$ To Permit Specialist: All fees are to be entered into payment type 07 except, Other Special deposits, which are entered into OS. Note, these codes instead of BP. On the description line, please enter the property address and remitter's name. Return original receipt and copies of all checks as applicable along with original transmittal form to the AOSIII in Planning Administration, via daily cash receipts. A copy will be submitted to Engineer for posting in the file. See document entitled "Procedure for processing check and credit cards for fees and deposits for subdivision: for more detailed instructions. For Office Use Only THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT \_\_\_\_\_\_ IS ENTITLED TO A REFUND REFUND AMOUNT\_\_\_\_\_\_ RECEIPT# \_\_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS TO FORWARD REFUND \_\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED FOR REFUND BY \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Planning a Safe and Sustainable Future for Berkeley
2120 Milvia Street, 1st Floor, Berkeley, CA 94704 Tel: 510.981-7500 TDD: 510.981-7474 Fax: 510.981-7505

E-mail: planning@ci.berkeley.ca.us